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<u>TP 4.2</u> Center of percussion of the cue ball

from: "The Illustrated Principles of Pool and Billiards" <u>www.engr.colostate.edu/pool</u> by David G. Alciatore, PhD, PE ("Dr. Dave")



ball mass: m ball moment of inertia about its center:
$$I := \frac{2}{5} \cdot m \cdot R^2$$

Horizontal impulse between the cue stick and cue ball:

F'

Linear impulse equals the change in linear momentum:

$$\mathbf{F}' = \mathbf{m}\mathbf{v} \tag{1}$$

Angular impulse equals the change in angular momentum:

$$\mathbf{F'} \cdot \mathbf{a} = \mathbf{I} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega} \tag{2}$$

For impact at the center of percussion, the ball rolls without slipping immediately, so:

$$\mathbf{v} = \boldsymbol{\omega} \cdot \mathbf{R} \tag{3}$$

Using Equations 1 and 2 in Equation 3 gives:

$$\frac{F'}{m} = \frac{F' \cdot a \cdot R}{I} \tag{4}$$

Using the equation for I above in Equation 4 gives:

$$a = \frac{2}{5}R$$

Therefore, the center of percussion is at:

$$\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{R} + \mathbf{a} = \frac{7}{5} \cdot \mathbf{R} = \frac{7}{10} \cdot \mathbf{D}$$